

INFLUENCE OF CHROMIUM CARBIDE ADDITION ON THE SHRINKAGE KINETICS OF [ZrB₂-SiC] CERAMIC SYSTEM

O.N. Grigoriev, V.B. Vinokurov, L.I. Klimenko

I.N. Frantsevich Institute for Problems in Materials Science, NAS of Ukraine
Krzyzanowski str., 3, Kiev, 03680, Ukraine, e-mail: vinokurov@ipms.kiev.ua

Development of advanced ultra-high-temperature materials based on zirconium borides associated with a number of difficulties, especially with the requirement of high temperatures during sintering. In this paper we investigated the activating influence of Cr₃C₂ on the shrinkage kinetics [ZrB₂-SiC] system and optimized technological parameters of hot pressing, as to provide the required service properties of ceramics.

During hot pressing ZrB₂ without additives the relative density $\rho=0,946$ obtained at $T=2215^{\circ}\text{C}$. With adding of 20 vol.% SiC to a zirconium boride the compact material is obtained at 2075°C , and at using as an activatin addition of 5 wt.% Cr₃C₂ the hot pressing temperature of ZrB₂ is reduced to 1520°C (Fig.1).

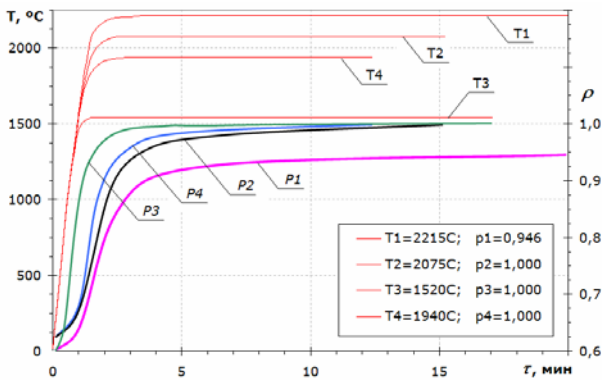


Fig. 1 Effect of chromium and silicon carbides on shrinkage kinetics of zirconium boride.

- P1) ZrB₂, T=2215°C
- P2) [80 vol.% ZrB₂ + 20 vol.% SiC]
- P3) [ZrB₂ + 5 wt.% Cr₃C₂]
- P4) [(80 vol.% ZrB₂ + 20 vol.% SiC) + 5 wt.% Cr₃C₂]

However, at simultaneous using of these two additives in the same amounts the composition becomes compact only at $T=1940^{\circ}\text{C}$. Reduced activating properties of Cr₃C₂ in the latter case presumably due to the phase transformations in the ternary system that will be studied in the future.

As can be seen from the figure, in the composition [80 vol.% ZrB₂ + 20 vol.% SiC] at

sintering temperatures 2075°C there is a degree of porosity of about 5% (Figure 2).

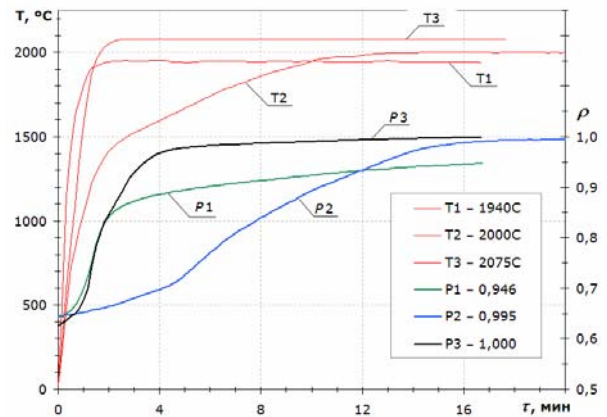


Fig. 2 Shrinkage kinetics composition [80 vol.% ZrB₂ + 20 vol.% SiC]

At the same time, by adding 5 wt.% of Cr₃C₂ to [ZrB₂ + 20 vol.% SiC] composition the pore-free state is achieved during hot pressing at a temperature 1940°C (Fig. 3) and sintering time is reduced.

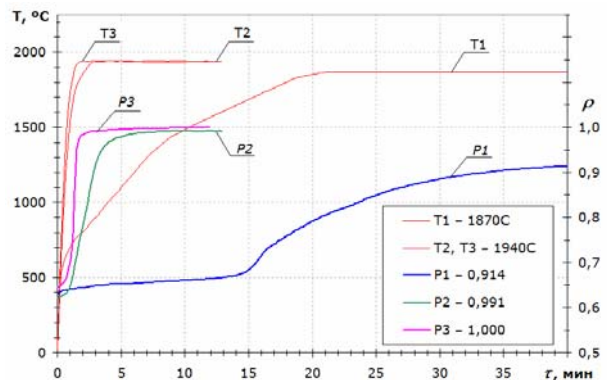


Fig. 3 Shrinkage kinetics composition [(80 vol.% ZrB₂ + 20 vol.% SiC) + 5 wt.% Cr₃C₂]

It is also shown that reducing of temperature rise speed (curves T2, T3) leads to slower rate of compaction (curves P2 and P3). Reducing the heating rate to 60...100 °C/min (curve T1) significantly slows shrinkage and when the sintering time increases up to 40 minutes, a porosity is 8.6%.

Work was supported by the STCU (Project P 511).